

**DISCHARGE SUMMARY**

<b>Name</b>	Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV	<b>UHID</b>	HNH-00014014
<b>Father/Guardian</b>	Mr B.SAIKUMAR	<b>Age/Gender</b>	1 Y 3 M 12 D/ Male
<b>Address</b>	1-93,nalgonda, Miralaguda, Nalgonda, Telangana, INDIA, 508207		
<b>IP No</b>	IP26-00006598	<b>Admission Date</b>	16-06-2026
<b>Ref Doctor</b>	Self.		
<b>Discharge Date</b>	18.06.2026		

**Consultant:**

**Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR**

MBBS - MD

TSMC/FMR/08568, dr.aniket.p@rainbowhospitals.in

DIAGNOSIS	ICD CODE
WHEEZE ASSOCIATED LOWER RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION WITH RESPIRATORY DISTRESS	

**History:** Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV, 1 Y 3 M 12 D , old boy presented with history of cough and cold associated with fever since 1 day, fast breathing since evening, dull activity and decreased oral intake, prior to admission. For the above complaints he was admitted at Rainbow Children's Hospital - for further management.

**Examination:** He was afebrile, maintaining saturations at room air. His heart

Name	Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV	UHID	HNH-00014014
IP No	IP26-00006598	Admission Date	16-06-2026

rate was 146/min and Respiratory Rate - 50/min. Capillary Refill Time was <2 secs. Peripheries were warm & pulses well felt. Respiratory distress was present in the form of tachypnea, subcostal retractions. On examination signs of dehydration were present such as dry oral mucosa, dry lips, decreased urine output, dull look were present. On auscultation, air entry was bilaterally equal with bilateral wheeze & crepitations were present. Heart sounds were normal and there was no murmur. Abdomen was soft with no organomegaly. On neurological examination, he was conscious and alert. Pupils were bilaterally equal and reacting to light. There were no focal neurological or cranial nerve deficits. There were no signs of raised intracranial pressure.

Weight on admission: 9.6 kilo grams.

**Investigations:** Enclosed reports.

GeneXpert FluA+FluB+RSV, SARS-CoV-2 were sent, which was negative.  
Adenovirus PCR was not detected.  
S.IGE 30.9 IU/ml

VBG showed pH of 7.27, pCO<sub>2</sub> of 38.5 mmHg, pO<sub>2</sub> of 41 mmHg, HCO<sub>3</sub> of 17.6 mmol/L and BE of -9.4 mmol/L.

Initial hemogram showed Hemoglobin of 9.9 gm%, White Blood Cell count of 13710 cells/cumm, platelet count of 4.44 lakhs/cumm and C-Reactive Protein of 13.0 mg/l. Complete urine examination shows: Pus cells - 4-6, epithelial cells - 1-2.

**Management:** He was admitted in the HDU and was started on oxygen by nasal prongs by at 2L/min, intra Venous fluids and Intra Venous antibiotics. He was treated symptomatically with antacids and antipyretics. In view of chest

<b>Name</b>	Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV	<b>UHID</b>	HNH-00014014
<b>IP No</b>	IP26-00006598	<b>Admission Date</b>	16-06-2026

signs, he was frequently nebulised with Levolin and Budecort. In view of persistent severe wheeze injection. Magnesium sulphate stat dose was given. Later methyl prednisolone was started. Serum IgE was done which was normal.

He was regularly monitored for fever spikes, hemodynamic status, vital parameters, oxygen saturations and any signs of respiratory distress. His fever spikes and other symptoms gradually settled. Child's saturations levels improved gradually and oxygen support tapered and stopped. Child maintaining saturations on room air.

Later his nebulization frequency was gradually reduced as his distress subsided.

He remained hemodynamically stable during the hospital stay. He improved with the above line of management and is being discharged with the following advice.

**At the time of discharge :** He is active, afebrile and hemodynamically stable.

**Medication during hospital stay:**

- Injection. Augmentin
- Injection. Methylprednisolone
- Nebulisation Levolin
- Nebulisation Budecort
- Nexpro sachet
- Syrup. Xyzal
- Mucolite Drops

**Advice:**

Name	Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV	UHID	HNH-00014014
IP No	IP26-00006598	Admission Date	16-06-2026

\* Diet as advised.

S.No	MEDICATION	DOSE	TIMINGS	DURATION
1	Syrup. AUGMENTIN DDS (Amoxicillin 400 + Potassium Clavulanate 57 mg/5ml)	2.5 ml	8am-8pm (after food)	For 5 days
2	Nexpro junior 10 mg sachet	1 sachet	7am (before breakfast).	For 2 days
3	Syrup. OMNACORTIL FORTE (PREDNISOLONE - 5ml/15mg)	3.5ml	8am- 8pm (after food)	For 2 days
4	Syrup. XYZAL (Cetirizine 2.5mg, 5ml)	2.5ML	10 pm (BEDTIME)	For 2 days.
5	MDI with Levolin (1 PUFF- 50MCG)	2 puffs	4th hourly	For 1 days
	MDI with Levolin (1 PUFF- 50MCG)	2 puffs	6th hourly	For 2 days
	MDI with Levolin (1 PUFF- 50MCG)	2 puffs	8th hourly	For 2 days
6	Nasoclear nasal drops, 2 drops in each nostril <b>SOS</b> for nose block			

<b>Name</b>	Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV	<b>UHID</b>	HNH-00014014
<b>IP No</b>	IP26-00006598	<b>Admission Date</b>	16-06-2026

### Fever Management

\* Syrup. Crocin DS (Paracetamol - 5ml/240mg) 3.5ml after food as and whenever required, if temperature > 100 \*F (maximum 4 times a day at 6 hour intervals).

Review consultation with Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR on Saturday (20.06.26) at Himayatnagar in OPD with prior appointment (**Review consultation will be charged**).

### Food instructions while taking medications:

- \* **Antibiotics** along with food & milk products prevent their absorption of drugs & supplements. Antibiotics can be given 1 hour before food or 2 hours after food based on tolerance of stomach.
- \* **Anti ulcer drugs** can decrease the absorption of Iron&vit-B12. Anti ulcer drugs can be taken at least 1 hour before food (OR) 2hrs after food. Avoid caffeine that increases stomach acidity.
- \* Food can decrease the absorption of **antihistamines**. Antihistamines can be taken on an empty stomach /before food to increase their effectiveness.
- \* **Analgesics** without food/empty stomach can cause gastrointestinal irritation, frequent use of these drugs lowers the absorption of folate and Vit-C. **Analgesics** can be taken with food & recommended diet to be followed.
- \* **Steroids** can decrease the absorption of minerals, proteins & Vit-K from food & increase fluid retention. If not tolerated, take after food & recommended diet to be followed.

Follow up immediately in Emergency Room if high grade fever, vomiting, breathlessness or refusal to feed occurs.

The content of the patient discharge summary, medication, food & drug

<b>Name</b>	Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV	<b>UHID</b>	HNH-00014014
<b>IP No</b>	IP26-00006598	<b>Admission Date</b>	16-06-2026

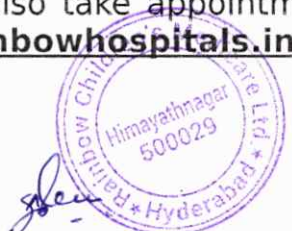
interaction, care to be provided at home, nutrition, immunization and safe parenting, when and how to obtain emergency care etc also have been explained by doctor ..... in a language that I can understand and I acknowledge.

Parent/ Attender

In case of emergency contact 9154865030 emergency pediatrician on duty.

To take appointment for OPD consultation at Rainbow **Banjara Hills** / Rainbow Clinic **Madhapur** / **Kukatpally** / **Vikrampuri** / **LB Nagar** / dial just one toll free number **18002122**.

You can also take appointments at any time by going **online** to our website [www.rainbowhospitals.in](http://www.rainbowhospitals.in)



**Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR**  
MBBS - MD

TSMC/FMR/08568, dr.aniket.p@rainbowhospitals.in

**Registrar/Resident/C.M.O**

ADMISSION SHEET



Registration Details :

Admission No : IP26-00006598 Admit Date : 16-Jun-2026 Admit Time : 03:32 PM UHID : HNH-00014014

Patient Details :

Patient Name : Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV Age : 1 Y 3 M 11 D  
Guardian : Mr B.SAIKUMAR DOB : 05-03-2025 03:34 PM  
Gender : Male Religion :  
Occupation : Martial Status :  
Address (H) : 1-93,nalgonda Miralaguda Nalgonda Phone No : 9542441910/ 8688475401  
Telangana INDIA 508207 E-mail : sbank0343@gmail.com

Admission Details :

Bed Type : DAY CARE Bed No : ER02 Ward Name : GF -EMERGENCY  
Room No : ER02 Admission Type : First Visit

Contact Details :

Name : Mr B.SAIKUMAR Relationship : Father  
Contact Address : 1-93,nalgonda Miralaguda Nalgonda Telangana Phone No : 9542441910 / 8688475401  
INDIA 508207

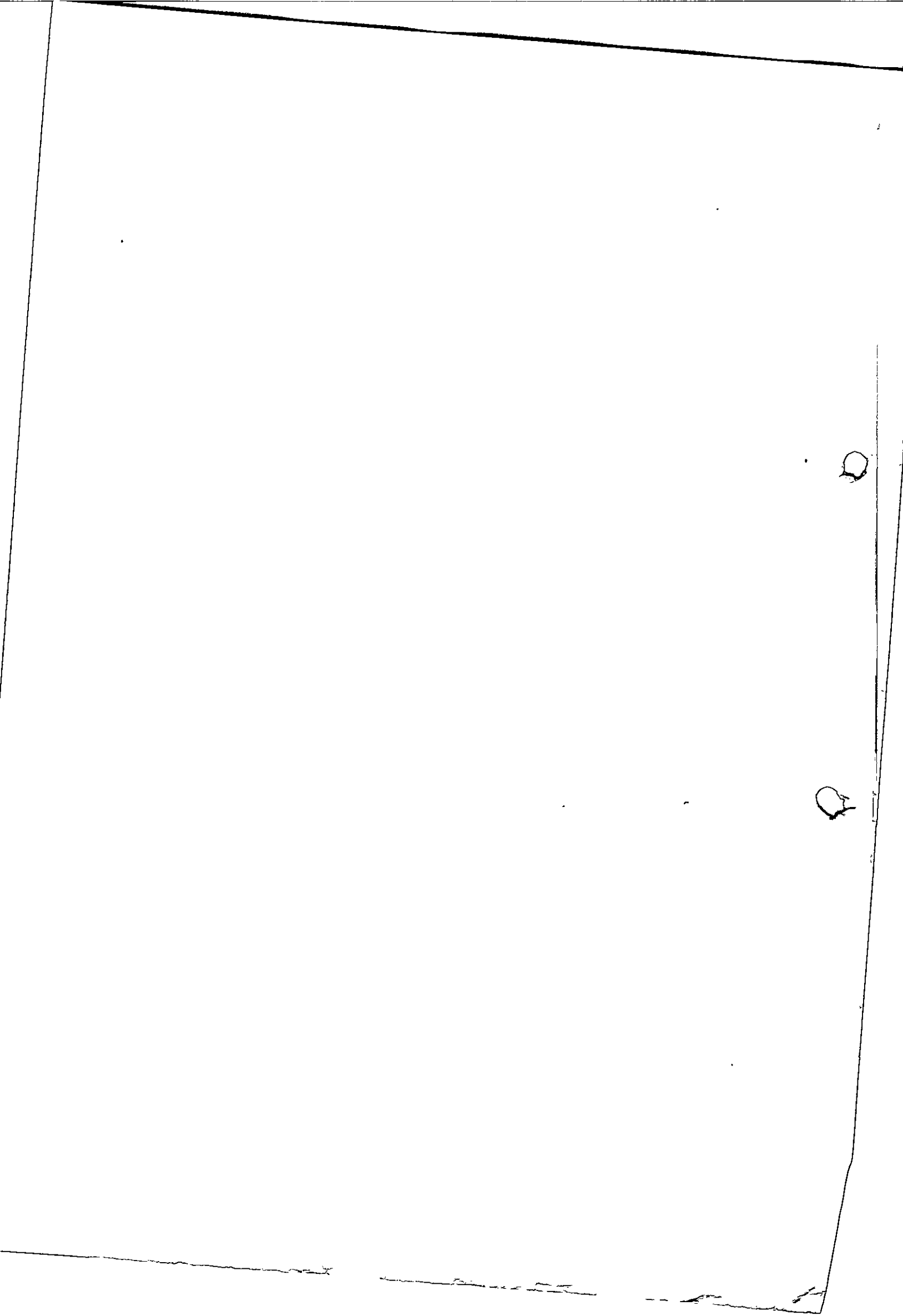
  
Signature

Doctor Details :

Doctor Name : Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR Specialisation : GENERAL PEDIATRICS  
Referral Doctor : Self. Phone No :  
Co-Consultant :

Payment Details :

Deposit Amount : 5000.00  
Payment Mode : DC/CC Card Payor Name : ICICI ICICI LOMBARD GENERAL INSURANCE



**ACTIVE RECORD FOR BILLING**

HNH-00014014 IP26-00006598  
Master **BODDU ANANTH YADAV**  
05-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D (M)  
Dr. **ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR**

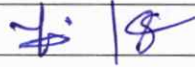
Name: -----

UHID No:  ----- Consultant : ----- Dept : -----

Date of Admission : ----- Time : ----- Date of Discharge : ----- Time: -----

Room / Bed No : ----- Ward : ----- Suggested Billable bed type : -----

**WARD TRANSFERS**

Date	Time	From	To	Signature of Nurse
16/6/26	4:40PM	ER	HDU	

**Cross Consultation Visit**

	Doctors Name	Date	Order No.	Signature
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				







Ref.No. F/IN/PR/10



**Rainbow<sup>®</sup>  
Children's  
Hospital**

**PEDIATRIC IN-PATIENT  
MEDICAL RECORD**

Patient Name : Ananth yadav.

Patient ID# : HNH-00014014 IP26-00006598  
Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV

Consultant : 05-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D (M)  
Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR

Final Diagnosis : \_\_\_\_\_

Pediatric Multiorgan History & Physical Examination

Name : \_\_\_\_\_ Age/Sex \_\_\_\_\_

Informant \_\_\_\_\_ Reliability \_\_\_\_\_

Chief Presenting Complaints & Duration (Chronologically):

c/o cough & cold since 1 day.  
c/o fever since yesterday.  
c/o fast breathing since yesterday Evening.  
c/o decreased activity & decreased oral  
intake.

History of present illness :

- Child presented with c/o cough & cold since 1 day, progressive in nature, also nasal discharge, wet cough. also fast breathing & chest indrawing since yesterday Evening.

- c/o fast breathing since Evening (yesterday)

- c/o fever since yesterday Evening, low grade, intermittent.

- c/o dull look & decreased oral intake.

**Pediatric Multiorgan History & Physical Examination**

HNH-00014014 IP26-00006598  
Master: BODDU ANANTH YADAV  
05-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D (M)  
Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR



Past History : (Including details of any previous investigation or treatment)

Blank lined area for Past History.

Birth & Neonatal History :

Blank lined area for Birth & Neonatal History.



Birth & Socio Economic History :

About Father : \_\_\_\_\_

About Mother : *not significant.*

Any additional Information : \_\_\_\_\_

Developmental History :

*Appropriate*

Blank lined area for Developmental History.

Immunization History :

*uptodate.*

Blank lined area for Immunization History.

Pediatric Multiorgan History & Physical Examination

Anthropometry

Head Circum (cms) \_\_\_\_\_ (Centile \_\_\_\_\_) Height (cm) : \_\_\_\_\_ (Centile \_\_\_\_\_)

Weight (kgs) 9.6 kg (Centile \_\_\_\_\_)

**On Examination :**

Temperature : Afebrile Pulse Rate: 106/min Description \_\_\_\_\_

B.P. \_\_\_\_\_ SPO2 98% at \_\_\_\_\_

Resp. rate and type of breathing : RR 50/min.

SCR (+) . tachypn (+)

Rash \_\_\_\_\_

Sign of dehydration (+)

Lymphadenopathy \_\_\_\_\_

Oedema : \_\_\_\_\_

**Respiratory system :**

Inspection (any s/o distress) : tachypn (+) SCR (+)

Air entry & breath sounds : B/c AE (+)

Any added sounds : D/c crepts (Basal)

Relevant data from outside (Chest X-Ray, ABG, etc.,) Wheez (+)

**Cardiovascular System :**

Inspection of precordium : \_\_\_\_\_

Heart Sounds : S1 (+)

Any murmur : No.

Relevant data from outside (Chest X-Ray, ECG, ECHO, Etc.,) \_\_\_\_\_

**Per Abdomen :**

Inspection \_\_\_\_\_

Palpation : Soft / Not distended

Auscultation : No organomegaly.

Spine: \_\_\_\_\_ External Genitalia : \_\_\_\_\_

Relevant data from outside (CT, USG etc.,) \_\_\_\_\_

Pediatric Multiorgan History & Physical Examination

HNH-00014014 IP26-00006598  
Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV  
05-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D (M)  
Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR

Central Nervous System :

Level of Consciousness : AVPU/GCS Score : 15/15

Cranial Nerves : \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Motor System :

Nutrition : (N)

Tone : \_\_\_\_\_ Power \_\_\_\_\_

Co-ordinator : \_\_\_\_\_

Posture : \_\_\_\_\_

Involuntary Movements : \_\_\_\_\_

Reflexes :

DTR

Superficials :

Plantars (N)

Sensory System :

\_\_\_\_\_  
(N)  
\_\_\_\_\_

Bladder / Bowel : \_\_\_\_\_

Clinical Summary & Diagnostic :

- LRTI & dehydration . & Respiratory distress .  
? WJALRI .



Preventive aspects of the treatment :

Prevent Respirat failure.

Desired goals of the treatment :

Planned Labs :

HDV  
 CBP  
 CRP  
 COE (POE)  
 VBS  
 Resp. panel (5 virus)  
 1 Extra sample  
 S<sub>h</sub> IgE  
 [CXR - done] OP Basic  
 NB Jyoti

Planned Management :

- O<sub>2</sub> support  $\bar{c}$  Nasal prongs  
 2 ltr/min.  
 - NEB  $\bar{c}$  Iwolin O<sub>2</sub> hly. (0.31mg)  
 - NEB  $\bar{c}$  BUDECORT BD  
 0.5mg  
 - Ii MgSO<sub>4</sub> stat  
 - IPRAVENT O<sub>2</sub> hly  
 NEB.  
 - Ii Methyl prednisolone 10mg iv BD.  
 (2mg/kg)  
 - [RR, SpO<sub>2</sub>] Monitoring

Please fill up the following details

NB Jyoti


- Name of the Referring Doctor : \_\_\_\_\_
- Name of the Referring Hospital : \_\_\_\_\_  
(Including the name of City)
- Contact number of the Referring Doctor : \_\_\_\_\_  
(Preferring Mobile #)
- Name of the doctor in Rainbow Team Dr. Aniket P on \_\_\_\_\_  
whose name the patient is being referred

Doctor's Signature Name \_\_\_\_\_

Dr. Aniket Anil Parashar  
 Consultant, Pediatrics & Intensivist  
 Reg. No. 8508

Date 16/6/26 Time \_\_\_\_\_

# PATIENT TRANSFER FORM

HNH-00014014 IP26-00006598 Master <b>BODDU ANANTH YADAV</b> 05-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D (M) Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR 		Date & Time of Admission <b>16/6/26 @ 3:32pm</b>	Date & Time of Transfer Order <b>16/6/26 @</b>
Treating Consultant/Physician		Transfer Ordered by <b>Dr. Anusha</b>	Reason for Transfer <b>Admission</b>
From Unit <b>ER</b>	To Unit <b>HDU</b>	Information to Attendant Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Number of Sheets in Clinical File <b>(20)</b>	Number of Imaging Films <b>UBJ</b>	Personal belongings including clinical documents. If any handed over to attendant Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If yes, what ?	
Medications / Consumables / Surgicals / Hand over			
Sl.No.	Item Name	Quantity	
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
Shifting Summary / Notes Written by Doctor : Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Name & Signature of Person who is Transferring <b>Prabir</b>		Name of Person Ordered Transfer <b>Dr. Anusha</b>	
Patient & Clinical Records Received by : <b>sr. sandhya</b> <b>16/6/26</b>			
Date & Time of Patient Received : <b>16/6/26 @ 5pm</b>			

If the transfer order time & Completion time is more than 30 minutes, please tick the reason mentioned below :

- Unavailable Bed
  Nurse not Available
  Available Bed not ready

**PROGRESS NOTES AND DOCTOR'S ORDER**

Date & Time	Progress Notes	Doctor's Order
<del>16/6/25</del> 6:50 PM	<del>C/S/B</del> <del>WALRI C RD</del>	
	C/S/B Dr. Sindhura	
	<u>WALRI C RD</u>	
	- comfortable	
	- <del>of</del>	Plan
	SP02 - 98% on LF.	① Add Amoxicillin.
	S/E - 4c - BAE (+)	② C. Tabs
	S/C crept (+)	↓ Kevlar → Q3H.
	C/S	③ C. IV Heteroglyprod.
	C/S } NAD.	④ Tissue Resp. panel, IgE.
	P/A	Dr. Sindhura Munakuntla Consultant Pediatrician Reg. No: 66970
		of medicine
		noted by Sr. Suresh
		16/6/25
		7:2 -



## PROGRESS NOTES AND DOCTOR'S ORDER

Date & Time	Progress Notes	Doctor's Order
17/3/26 7AM	<p>cto/b Dr. Venu / Dr. Nagreen  <u>Adis - WARD 1 E 2D.</u></p>	
TLC - 13.7K	<p>- Afebrile since admission.          - oral intake fair.</p>	
CAP - 13 Igf - 30	<p>- Maintaining sat. @ <u>21. of O<sub>2</sub></u>.</p>	
<del>Cap</del> - resp. pend - re.	<p>- No ↑ sed w/o B.</p>	
	<p>SpE - HR - 100/min.          RR - 20/min.          SpO<sub>2</sub> - 99% on 2L.</p>	<p>Plan          - Trace resp.          pend.</p>
	<p>S/E - R/C - BAE @ 5B/L          expts @</p>	<p>- Ct. Amoxiclav.          - Ct. Zustin 1000.          - Ipratent Q6H.          - Bidacort Q12H.          - d. Methyl pred. BD.  <del>ES</del>          p.B Amoxthe          e-7AM</p>



## PROGRESS NOTES AND DOCTOR'S ORDER

Date & Time	Progress Notes	Doctor's Order
17/6/25 11:30 AM	S/B Dr-Aniket	Play
	DWAR I ERD	- CP AMOXPCCLAV
	CVS-S, S ⊕ R-BU-ACF ⊕	- CP Neb = Levulin 3 <sup>rd</sup> h F Inocent 6 <sup>th</sup> h
	BI-w kg ⊕	- CP Methyl Prednisolone
	PLA-solk conscious	- Monitor RR/SpO <sub>2</sub>
	Tachypnea ⊕	<p style="text-align: right;">Dr. Aniket Anil Parashar            Consultant: Pediatrician &amp; Intensivist            Reg. No: 8568</p>
		<p style="text-align: right;">Dr. Aniket</p>
		<p style="text-align: right;">noted by Sr. Sreelakshya            17/6/25            11:30 AM</p>



## PROGRESS NOTES AND DOCTOR'S ORDER

Date & Time	Progress Notes	Doctor's Order
12/6	<u>CLINICAL PRO. NAIPUVA</u>	
2:00pm	WALRI ERID	
	on room Air.	<u>Plan</u>
	oral intake - fair.	- Cont Amoxiclav
	RIS - BILAE ⊕ BIL wheeze ⊕	- Cont Neb Levadin 0.3H
	PLA - Soft, NT	Neb 2 paxel 0.6H
		- Cont methylpred
		- Monitor RR, SpO2
		Deef
		N/B Supp

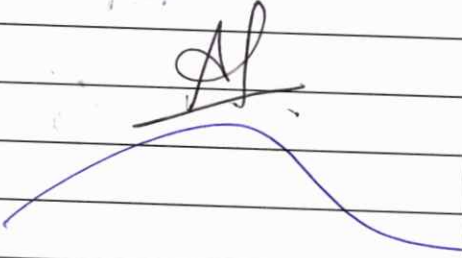
## PROGRESS NOTES AND DOCTOR'S ORDER

Date & Time	Progress Notes	Doctor's Order
17/6	C/SRS Don Aniket	
<del>5:00pm</del>	WALRI E RD	
	on room Air.	<u>Plan</u>
	Oral intake - fair.	
	R/S - BIL AE ⊕	Cont Amoxiclav
	B/L wheeze ⊕	- Neb Ipratropium Salt
	P/A - Soft, NT	- Cont Nebulized
		- Monitor RR, SpO <sub>2</sub>
		NB b/w @ 5pm
		Dr. Aniket

Dr. Aniket Anil Parashar  
 Consultant Pediatrician & Intensivist  
 Reg. No: 8568



## PROGRESS NOTES AND DOCTOR'S ORDER

Date & Time	Progress Notes	Doctor's Order
18/6/26 8 AM	S/B Dr Prabhath   Dr Anusha.	
	△ WALKER RD.	
	on RA. Oral intake - Good.	Adv CT. Amoxyclov
	SpO <sub>2</sub> = 100%. RR = 34/min.	✓ Net Levolin 4H Ipratent 964
	No distrc. Pb: B/L wheeze + PA sje.	✓ CT. Methylpred.
	AP	✓ Monitor RR, SpO <sub>2</sub>
		✓ Stop Ipratent after 24 hours.
		N.B Amoxuth CBAM.



## PROGRESS NOTES AND DOCTOR'S ORDER

Date & Time	Progress Notes	Doctor's Order
18/6/25 10:10 AM	SIB Dr. Aniket	P6,
	D W A C R I E R D	
	Tachypnea ↓	AMOXICLAV X 5 days
	CVI - S <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub> @ R - 2/2 - ACF @	MDI @ <del>Budecort</del> Levalin Somy 2 puff
	PRAJOL	4 <sup>th</sup> hr x 2ay
	CORICOR.	6 <sup>th</sup> hr x 2ay
		8 <sup>th</sup> hr x 2ay
		↓ MDI @ Budecort on Followup.
		- Methyl prednisolone x 2ay
		- NERPHO junior x 2ay
		- Review on Saturday
	M for Dr. Aniket	

Dr. Aniket Anil Parashar  
 Consultant Pediatrician & Intensivist  
 Reg. No. 8569





## MEDICATION RECONCILIATION FORM

Drug Allergies: .....  Not known any Drug Allergies

**Medication Reconciliation will be done at the time of admission and also whenever there is change in the treating team or shifting from one unit to another unit.**

**(Example: at the time of admission shifting from ICU to Ward, or Ward to ICUs)**

Shifting From: ..... ER ..... Shifted to: ..... H.D.U. .....

S.No	MEDICATION NAME (GENERIC NAME CAPITAL LETTERS)	DOSE (mg, mcg)	ROUTE (PO, NG, SC, IV)	FREQUENCY	LAST DOSE Date / Time	ON ADMISSION / SHIFTING
1						<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> DC
2						<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> DC
3						<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> DC
4						<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> DC
5						<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> DC
6						<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> DC
7						<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> DC
8						<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> DC
9						<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> DC
10						<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> DC

\* C- Continue, DC - Discontinue

**MEDICATION HISTORY RECORDED / VERIFIED BY**

Doctor Name & Signature : Dr. Anushka .....

Date & Time : 16/6/26 @ 3:20 PM .....

Nurse Name & Signature: Beabin .....

Date & Time : 16/6/26 @ 3:30 PM .....



# DRUG CHART

Date of Admission: 16/6/26 Drug Allergies: .....  Not known any Drug Allergies

## FOR THE SAFETY OF THE PATIENT

- GENERAL** - Ensure that all patient details are entered above. ONLY A DOCTOR SHALL WRITE MEDICATION ORDERS.
- DOCTOR** - Please use only approved abbreviations (refer to Hospital's approved list of abbreviations).  
 - Use approved pharmaceutical names, BLOCK LETTERS, metric dosage. English instructions.  
 - Any changes in drug therapy must be ordered by a NEW PRESCRIPTION. Do not alter existing instructions.  
 - Discontinue a drug by drawing a line **I** through it and a similar line through subsequent recording panels.  
 - The date and time of stopping the drug along with the doctors name and sign must be mentioned.  
 - Only one chart should be in use at any one time. When the chart is full, a new supplement can be kept within this drug sheet folder.
- NURSES** - Nurses must follow strictly the FIVE RIGHTS before administration of medication.  
 1) Right Patient 2) Right Drug 3) Right Dosage 4) Right Route 5) Right Time  
 - AVOID TAKING VERBAL ORDERS. NO VERBAL ORDERS FOR HIGH RISK/HIGH ALERT MEDICINES (EXCEPT FIRST DOSE OF EPINEPHRINE DURING CPR). Follow Hospitals's Verbal Order Policy.

## SOS / PRN (As Required Medication)

<b>DRUG :</b> CROSIN DS & YP				Date Time
Dose 3ml	Route PO	Frequency SOS	Start Date 16/6	
Doctor's Signature <i>AP</i>		Valid Period	Pharm. <i>(G)</i>	
Additional Instructions: (2uomg/5ml)				

<b>DRUG :</b>				Date Time
Dose	Route	Frequency	Start Date	
Doctor's Signature		Valid Period	Pharm.	
Additional Instructions:				

<b>DRUG :</b>				Date Time
Dose	Route	Frequency	Start Date	
Doctor's Signature		Valid Period	Pharm.	
Additional Instructions:				

Verified by

Dr. Dhakshayani

SIGNATURE



REGULAR PRESCRIPTIONS

Weight. 9.6kg Ward. ....

**DRUG:** NEB E/worm Date/Time

Dose	Route	Frequency	Start Date
<u>0.31mg</u>	<u>NEB</u>	<u>Qdly</u>	<u>16/6</u>

Name & Signature of the Doctor Starting the Drugs: Al

Additional Instructions: See the chart

**Daily Doctor's Endorsement by a Sign**

CHANGE  
16/6/26 @ 7:45PM

**DRUG:** NEB E IPRAVENT Date/Time

Dose	Route	Frequency	Start Date
<u>0.5mg</u>	<u>NEB</u>	<u>Qdly</u>	<u>16/6</u>

Name & Signature of the Doctor Starting the Drugs: Al

Additional Instructions: See the chart

**Daily Doctor's Endorsement by a Sign**

stop

**DRUG:** NEB E BUDEORT Date/Time 16/6 17/6

Dose	Route	Frequency	Start Date
<u>0.5mg</u>	<u>NEB</u>	<u>Q12hly</u>	<u>16/6</u>

Name & Signature of the Doctor Starting the Drugs: Al

Additional Instructions: 5pm onwards

**Daily Doctor's Endorsement by a Sign**

STOP

**DRUG:** 5' METHYL PREDNISOLONE Date/Time 16/6 17/6 18/6

Dose	Route	Frequency	Start Date
<u>10mg</u>	<u>IV</u>	<u>BD</u>	<u>16/6</u>

Name & Signature of the Doctor Starting the Drugs: Al

Additional Instructions: 4pm onwards

**Daily Doctor's Endorsement by a Sign**

Verified by  
Dr. Dhakshayani

Verified by  
Dr. Dhakshayani





Sheet No: ..... **REGULAR PRESCRIPTIONS** Weight ..... Ward .....

<b>DRUG :</b> Mucolite drops				Date Time																
Dose	Route	Frequency	Start Dt.																	
1ml	PO	BD	17/6	8am	X															
Name & Signature of the Doctor Starting the Drugs:																				
Additional Instructions:				spray																
<b>Daily Doctor's Endorsement by a Sign</b>																				

<b>DRUG :</b> LEVOLIN NEB				Date Time																
Dose	Route	Frequency	Start Dt.																	
0.3ml	neb	Q4H	17/6																	
Name & Signature of the Doctor Starting the Drugs:				See the chart																
Additional Instructions:																				
<b>Daily Doctor's Endorsement by a Sign</b>																				

<b>DRUG :</b>				Date Time																
Dose	Route	Frequency	Start Dt.																	
Name & Signature of the Doctor Starting the Drugs:																				
Additional Instructions:																				
<b>Daily Doctor's Endorsement by a Sign</b>																				

<b>DRUG :</b>				Date Time																
Dose	Route	Frequency	Start Dt.																	
Name & Signature of the Doctor Starting the Drugs:																				
Additional Instructions:																				
<b>Daily Doctor's Endorsement by a Sign</b>																				

Signature  
Name

VARIABLE DOSE		Date Time					
			Nurse Sig.		Nurse Sig.		Nurse Sig.
DRUG :			Dose		Dose		Dose
			Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.
Route	Start Date		Dose		Dose		Dose
			Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.
Name & Signature of the Doctor			Dose		Dose		Dose
			Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.
Additional Instructions:			Dose		Dose		Dose
			Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.

VARIABLE DOSE		Date Time					
			Nurse Sig.		Nurse Sig.		Nurse Sig.
DRUG :			Dose		Dose		Dose
			Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.
Route	Start Date		Dose		Dose		Dose
			Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.
Name & Signature of the Doctor			Dose		Dose		Dose
			Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.
Additional Instructions:			Dose		Dose		Dose
			Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.		Dr. Sign.

**STAT / ONCE ONLY DRUGS**

Date	Time	Medication	Dosage & Other Instructions	Route	Signature	Nurses
<u>16/6/26</u>	3:40pm	17 MgSO4	(1ml + 19ml NS) over 30min	iv	<u>AL</u>	<u>AL</u>
<u>16/6/26</u>	3:45pm	17 Methylprednis.	10mg	iv	<u>AL</u>	<u>AL</u>

VERIFIED BY: Name: Signature

Verified by

Dr. Dhakshayani



HNM-00014014 IP26-00006598  
 Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV  
 05-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 12 D (M)  
 Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR



*Neb :- levelin 3rd haly  
 Ipratent 8 6<sup>th</sup> haly  
 Budecost 0 12<sup>th</sup> haly*



### NEBULISATION CHART

Date	Time	Drug	Nurse	Parents Signature
	00.00			
	01.00			
<i>16/6/25</i>	02.00			
	03.00			
	04.00			
	05.00			
	06.00			
	07.00			
	08.00			
	09.00			
	10.00			
	11.00			
	12.00			
	13.00			
	14.00			
	15.00			
	16.00			
	17.00	<i>Ipratent + Budecost ①</i>	<i>AS</i>	<i>Py</i>
	18.00	<i>levelin ②</i>	<i>AS</i>	<i>Py</i>
	19.00			
	20.00	<i>levelin ③</i>	<i>AS</i>	<i>Py</i>
	21.00			
	22.00			
	23.00	<i>levelin + Ipratent ①</i>	<i>AS</i>	<i>Py</i>

**7072**

Handwritten marks and characters at the top of the page, including a large 'M' and several smaller characters.

Small handwritten marks or characters in the top right corner.

Small handwritten mark or character on the right side of the page.

Small handwritten mark or character on the right side of the page.

Small handwritten mark or character on the right side of the page.

Large handwritten marks and characters at the bottom of the page, including a large 'T' and several smaller characters.

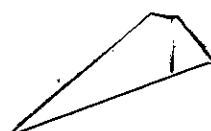


Levolin 3<sup>rd</sup> hourly  
 Ipratent 6<sup>th</sup> hourly  
 Budecort 12<sup>th</sup> hourly



### NEBULISATION CHART

Date	Time	Drug	Nurse	Parents Signature
	00.00			
	01.00			
	02.00	Levolin (2)	A	[Signature]
	03.00			
	04.00			
17/5/26	05.00	Levolin + Ipratent + Budecort (3)	A	[Signature]
	06.00			
	07.00			
	08.00	Levolin (4)	B	[Signature]
	09.00			
	10.00			
	11.00	Levolin + Ipratent (1)	W	[Signature]
	12.00			
	13.00			
	14.00	Levolin (2)	A	[Signature]
	15.00			
	16.00			
	17.00	Budecort + Ipratent + Budecort + Levolin (3)	A	[Signature]
	18.00			
	19.00			
	20.00	Levolin		
	21.00			
	22.00	Levolin (1)	A	[Signature]
	23.00			





Levolin 4<sup>th</sup> Hourly  
 Ipratent 6<sup>th</sup> Hourly  
 Budecort 12<sup>th</sup> Hourly

### NEBULISATION CHART

Date	Time	Drug	Nurse	Parents Signature
	00.00	Ipratent (2)	A	[Signature]
	01.00			
	02.00	Levolin (3)	A	[Signature]
	03.00			
	04.00			
	05.00			
	06.00	Levolin + Budecort (4)	(4) A	[Signature]
	07.00			
	08.00			
	09.00			
	10.00			
	11.00			
	12.00			
	13.00			
	14.00			
	15.00			
	16.00			
	17.00			
	18.00			
	19.00			
	20.00			
	21.00			
	22.00			
	23.00			

Total 7227  
 Total 7072  
 Total 7107  
 Total 7176  
 Total 7227

Master **BODDU ANANTH YADAV**  
5-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D (M)  
Dr. **ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR**



~~220~~ 219

**Rainbow<sup>®</sup>  
Children's  
Hospital**  
It takes a lot to treat the little.

**BirthRight<sup>™</sup>**  
BY RAINBOW HOSPITALS  
Your Right to a Safe Delivery

## RESULT SHEET

Date	16/6/26				
Time					
Hb	9.9				
PCV	28.3				
RBC	4.78				
WBC	13.71				
N/L	40.7/46.3				
Platelets	444				
CRP	13.0				
ESR					
PCT					
RBS					
Na					
K					
Cl					
Ca/Mg					
Phosphate					
Urea					
Creatinine					
ALP					
SGPT					
SGOT					
T.Bill/Conj					
T.Protein					
S.Albumin					
S.Globulin					
A/G Ratio					
Uric Acid					
S.Amylase					
Sr.Lipase					
Blood Lactate					
S.Cholesterol					
PT/INR					
APTT					
CSF Protein / Sugar					
Cells					
N/L					

Date	12/6/26					
Time						
CUE - Alb	Nil					
CUE - Sugar	Nil					
CUE - Ketones	present ++					
CUE - PUS Cells	4-6					
CUE - RBC Cells	Nil					
CUE - Nitrite	Negative					
Appearance	Turbid					
Stool Pus Cell						
OVA / Cyst						
Occult Blood						

Culture and Sensitivities : *flu panel - verbally - ve.*  
*Adams - Anxiated.*

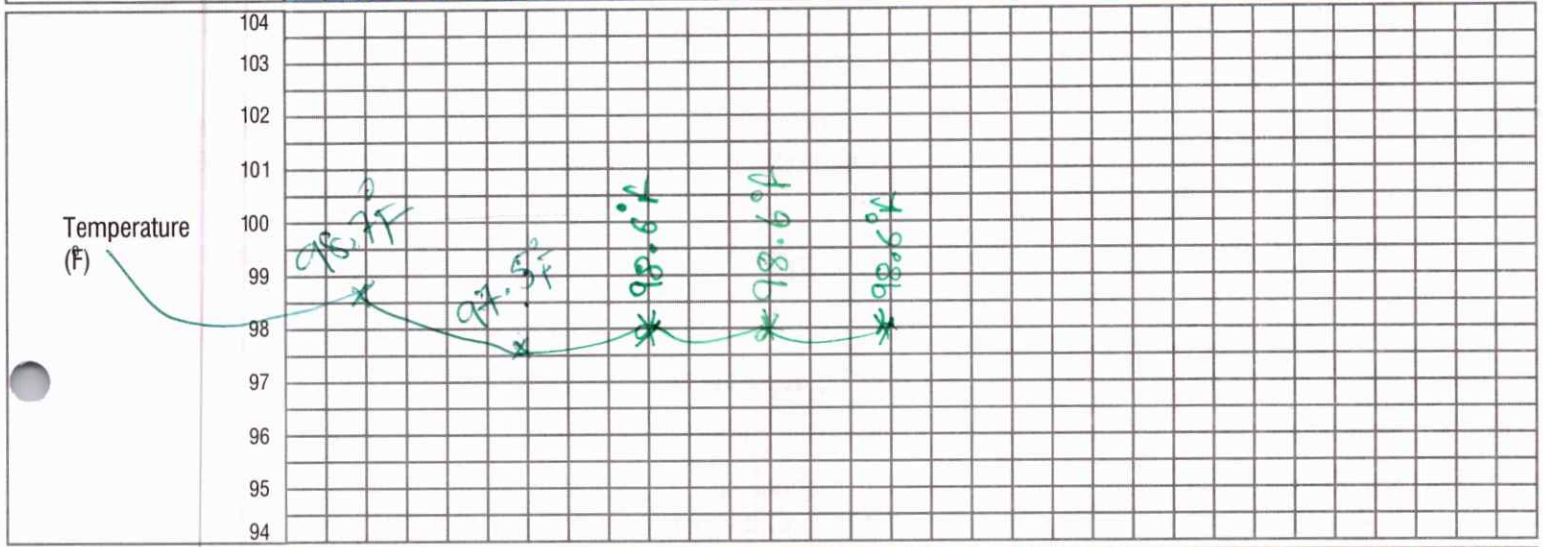
Radiology :    USG : .....  
                   X-Ray : .....  
                   ECHO : .....  
                   CT : .....  
                   MRI : .....  
                   Others (ECG, Contrast Studies etc.) : .....

Patient Stick



**EARLY WARNING SCORE: CHILDREN'S UNIT**

Date : 16/6/25 Time: 4 PM 6 PM 10 2 6  
 Doctor / Nurse / Family Concern? Amo Amo Amo



Heart Rate (bpm)	Blood Pressure (mmHg) *
128b/m	120
130b/m	120
128b/m	120
126b/m	120
128b/m	120

**Note:** BP does not score in early warning scoring

Heart Rate (Number)	Resp. Rate (bpm) (Over 1 Minute) *
128b/m	23b/m
130b/m	28b/m
128b/m	28b/m
126b/m	28b/m
128b/m	28b/m

Resp Distress	Mod/ Severe None/ Mild	Receiving O <sub>2</sub> (l/min)	O <sub>2</sub> Saturations (%)
		O <sub>2</sub> 2l/min	99%
		O <sub>2</sub> 2l	99%
		O <sub>2</sub> 2l	99%
		O <sub>2</sub> 2l	99%
		O <sub>2</sub>	100%

Conscious Level	Normal / Altered

GCS \*

TOTAL SCORE	Number of shaded boxes	Pain Score	Observer's Initials
	0	0	A
	0	0	A
	0	0	A
	0	0	A
	0	0	A

**ACTIONS**

NB: Scores 3 should be recorded overleaf

Score 1	: Continue normal observation by staff nurse
Score 2	: Shift in charge nurse to be informed and continue hourly observations
Score 3	: Shift in charge AND ER doctor/Floor Registrar to see and half hourly to hourly Observation to continue.
Score 4	: Shift in charge AND treating consultant(till 8 PM) or On call night duty consultant to see
Score 5 & 6	: Shift in charge AND PICU fellow or PICU consultant to be informed.

\* NB: If GCS is below 12 or the Oxygen requirement is >3 Lit./min. , then irrespective of rest of the score, the Nurse MUST inform the PICU team.

# CHILDREN'S OBSERVATION and EARLY WARNING SCORING TOOL

## INSTRUCTIONS:

- The paediatric Early Warning Score i) seeks to identify the abnormal physiological finding seen during serious childhood illnesses and ii) offers a method to interpret such physiological derangements with clearly defined actions, ensuring that suitably experienced staff are involved with the care of the sickest children.
- The Early Warning Score does not replace clinical experience and acumen and should not be relied upon for such purpose.
- 6 clinical parameters are assessed and recorded as part of the child's routine clinical observation, providing a Early Warning Score between 0-6 (Higher Early Warning Score are seen in sicker children)
- Detailed actions are described according to increasing Early Warning Score.
- Some children with complex medical needs e.g. cyanotic heart disease may require modification to their trigger thresholds/ action plan- this should follow discussion with senior colleagues.
- Any Early Warning Score of 3 or above should be recorded below with details of any subsequent action initiated

Record Details when EARLY WARNING SCORE > 3			Record Time of Review and Plan		
Date	Time	Early Warning Score	Date	Time	Name

- If at any time additional help is required, call help – regardless of the Early Warning Score!
- Following a Early Warning Score assessment, senior help may be required

The SBAR communication tool (situation, background, assessment, recommendations) is a helpful mnemonic that can be used to describe a child's clinical condition to a colleague.

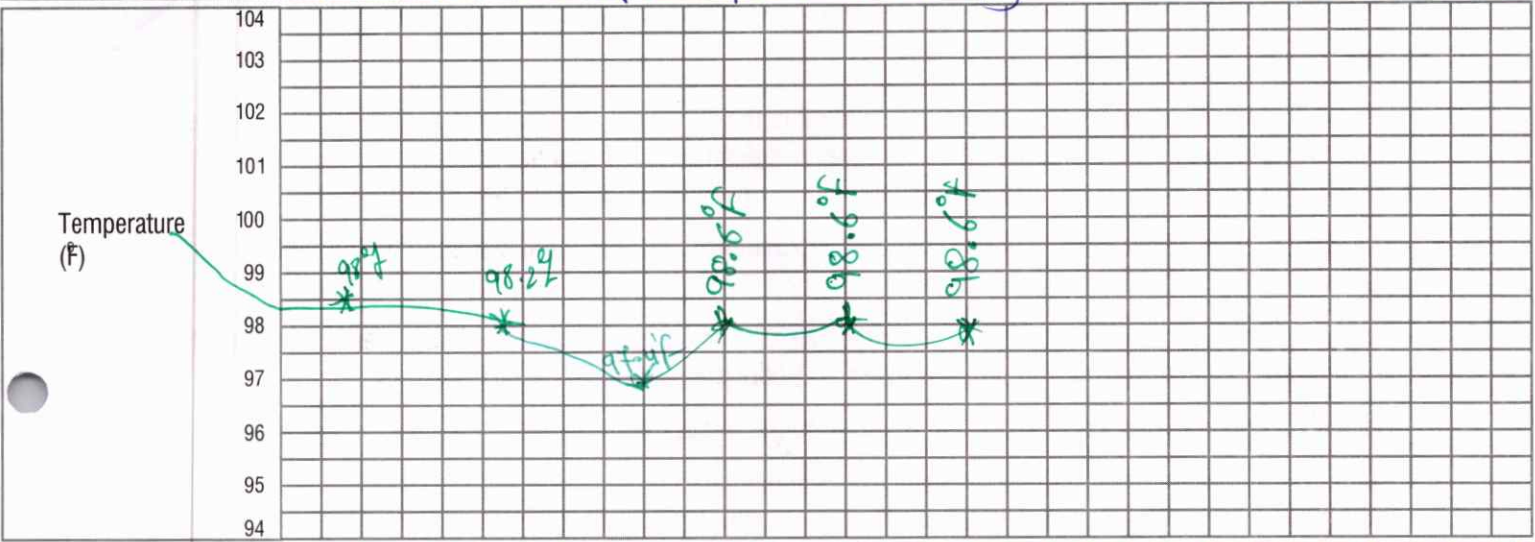
<b>I</b>	<b>IDENTITY:</b> I am (name), a nurse on ward (X). I am calling about (child X)
<b>S</b>	<b>SITUATION:</b> I am calling because I am concerned that ... (e.g. BP is low/high, pulse is XXX, Temperature is XX, Early Warning Score is XX)
<b>B</b>	<b>BACK GROUND:</b> Child (X) was admitted on (XX date) with (e.g. respiratory infection). They have had (X operation/ procedure/ investigation). Child (X)'s condition has changed in the last (XX mins). Their last set of observations were (XXX). The child's normal condition is ... (e.g. alert/ drowsy/ confused, pain free)
<b>A</b>	<b>ASSESSMENT:</b> I think the problem is (XXX) and I have ... (e.g. given O2/ analgesia, stopped the infusion), OR I am not sure what the problem is but child (X) is deteriorating, OR I don't know what's wrong but I am really worried.
<b>R</b>	<b>RECOMMENDATION:</b> I need you to ... come to see the child in the next (XX mins) AND I s there anything I need to do in the meantime ? (e.g. stop the fluid/ repeat observation)

Patient Sticker

**EARLY WARNING SCORE: CHILDREN'S UNIT**

Date: 17/03/25 Time: 10 AM 2 PM 6 PM 10 PM 2 AM 6 AM

Doctor / Nurse / Family Concern? PN PN PN PN PN PN



Heart Rate (bpm) and Blood Pressure (mmHg) *					
<b>Note:</b> BP does not score in early warning scoring					
Heart Rate (Number)	<u>120b/h</u>	<u>121b/h</u>	<u>128b/m</u>	<u>128b/m</u>	<u>128b/m</u>

Resp. Rate (bpm) (Over 1 Minute) *					
Resp Rate (Number)	<u>28b/h</u>	<u>28b/h</u>	<u>20b/m</u>	<u>28b/m</u>	<u>28b/m</u>

Resp Mod/ Severe Distress None / Mild					
Receiving O <sub>2</sub> (l/min) O <sub>2</sub> Saturations (%)	<u>98%</u>	<u>99%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>
Conscious Level Normal / Altered					
GCS *					

<b>TOTAL SCORE</b>					
Number of shaded boxes	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Pain Score	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Observer's Initials	<u>[Signature]</u>	<u>[Signature]</u>	<u>[Signature]</u>	<u>[Signature]</u>	<u>[Signature]</u>

<b>ACTIONS</b> NB: Scores 3 should be recorded overleaf	Score 1	: Continue normal observation by staff nurse
	Score 2	: Shift in charge nurse to be informed and continue hourly observations
	Score 3	: Shift in charge AND ER doctor/Floor Registrar to see and half hourly to hourly Observation to continue.
	Score 4	: Shift in charge AND treating consultant(till 8 PM) or On call night duty consultant to see
	Score 5 & 6	: Shift in charge AND PICU fellow or PICU consultant to be informed.

\* NB: If GCS is below 12 or the Oxygen requirement is >3 Lit./min. , then irrespective of rest of the score, the Nurse MUST inform the PICU team.

# CHILDREN'S OBSERVATION and EARLY WARNING SCORING TOOL

## INSTRUCTIONS:

- The paediatric Early Warning Score i) seeks to identify the abnormal physiological finding seen during serious childhood illnesses and ii) offers a method to interpret such physiological derangements with clearly defined actions, ensuring that suitably experienced staff are involved with the care of the sickest children.
- The Early Warning Score does not replace clinical experience and acumen and should not be relied upon for such purpose.
- 6 clinical parameters are assessed and recorded as part of the child's routine clinical observation, providing a Early Warning Score between 0-6 (Higher Early Warning Score are seen in sicker children)
- Detailed actions are described according to increasing Early Warning Score.
- Some children with complex medical needs e.g. cyanotic heart disease may require modification to their trigger thresholds/ action plan- this should follow discussion with senior colleagues.
- Any Early Warning Score of 3 or above should be recorded below with details of any subsequent action initiated

Record Details when EARLY WARNING SCORE > 3			Record Time of Review and Plan		
Date	Time	Early Warning Score	Date	Time	Name

- If at any time additional help is required, call help – regardless of the Early Warning Score!
- Following a Early Warning Score assessment, senior help may be required

The SBAR communication tool (situation, background, assessment, recommendations) is a helpful mnemonic that can be used to describe a child's clinical condition to a colleague.

<b>I</b>	<b>IDENTITY:</b> I am (name), a nurse on ward (X). I am calling about (child X)
<b>S</b>	<b>SITUATION:</b> I am calling because I am concerned that ... (e.g. BP is low/high, pulse is XXX, Temperature is XX, Early Warning Score is XX)
<b>B</b>	<b>BACK GROUND:</b> Child (X) was admitted on (XX date) with (e.g. respiratory infection). They have had (X operation/ procedure/ investigation). Child (X)'s condition has changed in the last (XX mins). Their last set of observations were (XXX). The child's normal condition is ... (e.g. alert/ drowsy/ confused, pain free)
<b>A</b>	<b>ASSESSMENT:</b> I think the problem is (XXX) and I have ... (e.g. given O2/ analgesia, stopped the infusion), OR I am not sure what the problem is but child (X) is deteriorating, OR I don't know what's wrong but I am really worried.
<b>R</b>	<b>RECOMMENDATION:</b> I need you to ... come to see the child in the next (XX mins) AND I s there anything I need to do in the meantime ? (e.g. stop the fluid/ repeat observation)



# CHILDREN'S OBSERVATION and EARLY WARNING SCORING TOOL

## INSTRUCTIONS:

- The paediatric Early Warning Score i) seeks to identify the abnormal physiological finding seen during serious childhood illnesses and ii) offers a method to interpret such physiological derangements with clearly defined actions, ensuring that suitably experienced staff are involved with the care of the sickest children.
- The Early Warning Score does not replace clinical experience and acumen and should not be relied upon for such purpose.
- 6 clinical parameters are assessed and recorded as part of the child's routine clinical observation, providing a Early Warning Score between 0-6 (Higher Early Warning Score are seen in sicker children)
- Detailed actions are described according to increasing Early Warning Score.
- Some children with complex medical needs e.g. cyanotic heart disease may require modification to their trigger thresholds/ action plan- this should follow discussion with senior colleagues.
- Any Early Warning Score of 3 or above should be recorded below with details of any subsequent action initiated

Record Details when EARLY WARNING SCORE > 3			Record Time of Review and Plan		
Date	Time	Early Warning Score	Date	Time	Name

- If at any time additional help is required, call help – regardless of the Early Warning Score!
- Following a Early Warning Score assessment, senior help may be required

The SBAR communication tool (situation, background, assessment, recommendations) is a helpful mnemonic that can be used to describe a child's clinical condition to a colleague.

<b>I</b>	<b>IDENTITY:</b> I am (name), a nurse on ward (X). I am calling about (child X)
<b>S</b>	<b>SITUATION:</b> I am calling because I am concerned that ... (e.g. BP is low/high, pulse is XXX, Temperature is XX, Early Warning Score is XX)
<b>B</b>	<b>BACK GROUND:</b> Child (X) was admitted on (XX date) with (e.g. respiratory infection). They have had (X operation/ procedure/ investigation). Child (X)'s condition has changed in the last (XX mins). Their last set of observations were (XXX). The child's normal condition is ... (e.g. alert/ drowsy/ confused, pain free)
<b>A</b>	<b>ASSESSMENT:</b> I think the problem is (XXX) and I have ... (e.g. given O2/ analgesia, stopped the infusion), OR I am not sure what the problem is but child (X) is deteriorating, OR I don't know what's wrong but I am really worried.
<b>R</b>	<b>RECOMMENDATION:</b> I need you to ... come to see the child in the next (XX mins) AND I s there anything I need to do in the meantime ? (e.g. stop the fluid/ repeat observation)

Master **BODDU ANANTH YADAV**  
 5-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D (M)

Patient Sticker: **Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR**



# FLUID CHART

Sheet No. : .....

- All measurements in ml.
- Add up each column separately. Make additions across the page to obtain 24 hrs. total of intake and output.

Date	Time	Nature of Fluid	Intake			Output					IV Site Thrombophlebitis Score	Sign. Nurse	
			Mouth	I.V	N.G	NG	Diarrhoea	Vomit	Drainage	Urine			
	08:00 am												
	09:00 am												
	10:00 am												
	11:00 am												
	12:00 pm												
	01:00 pm												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							
15/6/26	02:00 pm												
	03:00 pm												
	04:00 pm	0											
	05:00 pm		milk										
	06:00 pm												
	07:00 pm												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							
16/6/26	08:00 pm		milk										
	09:00 pm		Carrot										
	10:00 pm	0	Rice										
	11:00 pm												
	12:00 am												
	01:00 am												
<b>Total Intake :</b> Taken						<b>Total Output :</b> U-1 m-x							
17/6/26	02:00 am												
	03:00 am												
	04:00 am	0	H <sub>2</sub> O										
	05:00 am												
	06:00 am												
	07:00 am												
<b>Total Intake :</b> Taken						<b>Total Output :</b> U-1 m-x							

**Total 24 hrs. Intake**

**Total 24 hrs. Output**



# FLUID CHART

Sheet No. : .....

1. All measurements in ml.
2. Add up each column separately. Make additions across the page to obtain 24 hrs. total of intake and output.

Date	Time	Intake				Output					IV Site Thrombophlebitis Score	Sign. Nurse	
		Nature of Fluid	Route			NG	Diarrhoea	Vomit	Drainage	Urine			
17/6/26			Mouth	I.V	N.G								
	08:00 am												
	09:00 am												
	10:00 am	o	Milk							✓	o		
	11:00 am												
	12:00 pm												
01:00 pm													
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							
18/6	02:00 pm												
	03:00 pm		Milk										
	04:00 pm	o	Milk										
	05:00 pm		Milk										
	06:00 pm												
	07:00 pm		Milk										
<b>Total Intake :</b> Taken						<b>Total Output :</b>							
17/6/28	08:00 pm		Milk										
	09:00 pm		Milk										
	10:00 pm	o	Milk										
	11:00 pm		Milk										
	12:00 am												
	01:00 am												
<b>Total Intake :</b> Taken						<b>Total Output :</b>							
18/6/26	02:00 am												
	03:00 am												
	04:00 am	o											
	05:00 am												
	06:00 am												
	07:00 am												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b> U-2 Max							

**Total 24 hrs. Intake**

**Total 24 hrs. Output**

HNH-00014014 IP26-00006592  
 Pat Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV  
 05-03-2026 1 Y 3 M 12 D (M)  
 Dr. ANKET ANIL PARASHAR



# FLUID CHART

Sheet No. : .....

1. All measurements in ml.
2. Add up each column separately. Make additions across the page to obtain 24 hrs. total of intake and output.

Date	Time	Nature of Fluid	Intake			Output					IV Site Thrombophlebitis Score	Sign. Nurse	
			Mouth	I.V	N.G	NG	Diarrhoea	Vomit	Drainage	Urine			
	08:00 am												
	09:00 am												
	10:00 am												
	11:00 am												
	12:00 pm												
	01:00 pm												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							
	02:00 pm												
	03:00 pm												
	04:00 pm												
	05:00 pm												
	06:00 pm												
	07:00 pm												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							
	08:00 pm												
	09:00 pm												
	10:00 pm												
	11:00 pm												
	12:00 am												
	01:00 am												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							
	02:00 am												
	03:00 am												
	04:00 am												
	05:00 am												
	06:00 am												
	07:00 am												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							

**Total 24 hrs. Intake**

**Total 24 hrs. Output**

Patient Sticker



# FLUID CHART

Sheet No. : .....

1. All measurements in ml.
2. Add up each column separately. Make additions across the page to obtain 24 hrs. total of intake and output.

Date	Time	Nature of Fluid	Intake			Output					IV Site Thrombophlebitis Score	Sign. Nurse	
			Mouth	I.V	N.G	NG	Diarrhoea	Vomit	Drainage	Urine			
	08:00 am												
	09:00 am												
	10:00 am												
	11:00 am												
	12:00 pm												
	01:00 pm												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							
	02:00 pm												
	03:00 pm												
	04:00 pm												
	05:00 pm												
	06:00 pm												
	07:00 pm												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							
	08:00 pm												
	09:00 pm												
	10:00 pm												
	11:00 pm												
	12:00 am												
	01:00 am												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							
	02:00 am												
	03:00 am												
	04:00 am												
	05:00 am												
	06:00 am												
	07:00 am												
<b>Total Intake :</b>						<b>Total Output :</b>							

**Total 24 hrs. Intake**

**Total 24 hrs. Output**

Inster BODDU ANANTH YADAV (M)  
 15-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D  
 Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR



# NURSING CARE RECORD

Date: 16/6/26

**Goals**

- Maintain Airway and Oxygenation
- Relieve Pain & Discomfort
- Maintain Fluid Balance
- Improve Activity Tolerance
- Maintain Good Nutritional Status
- Maintain Skin Integrity
- Maintain Personal Hygiene
- Prevent Infection
- Meet Elimination Needs
- Ensure Safety
- Early Ambulation Reduce Anxiety
- Patient & Family Education
- Identify Potential Complications
- Any Others. Specify.....

	Time	Plan of Care	Time	Implementation	Evaluation	Re-Assessment	Nurse Name & Signature
Morning				ER			
Afternoon	4pm to 8pm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Assess pt condition</li> <li>→ monitor the vitals</li> <li>→ maintain I/O chart</li> <li>→ O<sub>2</sub> 2 liters</li> <li>→ Administer medication as per chart</li> </ul>	4pm to 8pm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Assessed pt condition</li> <li>→ monitored vitals</li> <li>→ maintained I/O chart</li> <li>→ O<sub>2</sub> 2 liters</li> <li>→ Administered medication as per chart</li> </ul>	patient is stable	Re-checked vitals	<del>SR</del>
Night	8pm ↓ 8am	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Assess pt condition</li> <li>→ Check the vitals</li> <li>→ maintain the I/O Chart</li> <li>→ O<sub>2</sub> 2 liters</li> </ul>	8pm ↓ 8am	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Assess the pt condition</li> <li>→ Monitored vital</li> <li>→ maintain the I/O Chart.</li> <li>→ O<sub>2</sub> 2 liters</li> </ul>	patient is stable	Re-checked vitals	SR

R-00014014 IP26-00006598  
 Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV  
 05-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 12 D (M)  
 Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR

Patient St



# NURSING CARE RECORD



Date: 17/6/26

**Goals**

- Maintain Airway and Oxygenation
- Relieve Pain & Discomfort
- Maintain Fluid Balance
- Improve Activity Tolerance
- Maintain Good Nutritional Status
- Maintain Skin Integrity
- Maintain Personal Hygiene
- Prevent Infection
- Meet Elimination Needs
- Ensure Safety
- Early Ambulation Reduce Anxiety
- Patient & Family Education
- Identify Potential Complications
- Any Others. Specify.....

	Time	Plan of Care	Time	Implementation	Evaluation	Re-Assessment	Nurse Name & Signature
Morning	8am	Assess the Baby general condition + checked vital Administer medication As per doctor advice	8am	Assessed the Baby general condition checked vitals. Administered medication As per doctor advice	Baby is stable	rechecked vital	ASL
Afternoon	2pm	Assess the Baby Condition, - monitor vital & drug chart - drug as per chart.		Assessed the Baby Condition - monitor vital & drug chart - drug as per chart	Baby is stable	Rechecked vital	je
Night	8pm	Assess the condition, - monitor vitals - maintain drug chart - medication given as per drug chart	8pm	Assessed the condition - monitor vitals - maintained drug chart - medication given as per drug chart	Baby is stable	Rechecked vital	no

Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV  
15-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D (M)  
Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR

# BRADEN 'Q' SCALE



Date: 16/6/26 16/6/26 17/6/26 18/6/26  
Time: 2 11 10 6

Mobility	<b>1. Completely immobile:</b> Does not make even slight changes in body or extremity position without assistance.	<b>2. Very limited:</b> Makes occasional slight changes in body or extremity position but unable to completely turn self independently.	<b>3. Slightly limited:</b> Makes frequent through slight changes in body or extremity position independently.	<b>4. No limitations:</b> Makes major and frequent changes in position without assistance.	4	4	4	4
"Activity The degree of physical activity"	<b>1. Bedfast:</b> Confined to bed	<b>2. Chairfast:</b> Ability to walk severely limited or non-existent. Cannot bear own weight and/or must be assisted into chair or wheelchair."	<b>3. Walks occasionally:</b> Walks occasionally during day, but for very short distances, with or without assistance. Spends majority of each shift in bed or chair.	<b>4. All patients too young to ambulate; OR walks frequently:</b> Walks outside the room at least twice a day and inside room at least once every 2 hours during walking hours.	4	4	4	3
Sensory Perception	<b>1. Completely limited:</b> Unresponsive (does not moan, flinch or grasp) to painful stimuli due to diminished level of consciousness or sedation, OR, limited ability to feel pain over most of the body surface.	<b>2. Very limited:</b> responds to only painful stimuli, cannot communicate discomfort except by moaning or restlessness; OR, has sensory impairment that limits the ability to feel pain or discomfort over half of body.	<b>3. Slightly limited:</b> Responds to verbal commands, but cannot always communicate discomfort or need to be turned; OR, has some sensory impairment that limits ability to feel pain, or discomfort in one or two extremities.	<b>4. No impairment:</b> Responds to verbal commands. Has no sensory deficit that would limit ability to feel or communicate pain or discomfort.	4	4	4	4
Moisture Degree to which skin is exposed to moisture	<b>1. Constantly moist:</b> Skin is kept moist almost constantly by perspiration, urine, drainage, etc. Dampness is detected every time patient is moved or turned.	<b>2. Very moist:</b> Skin is often, but not always, moist. Linen must be changed at least every 8 hours.	<b>3. Occasionally moist:</b> Skin is occasionally moist, requiring linen change every 12 hours.	<b>4. Rarely moist:</b> Skin is usually dry, routine diaper changes; linen only requires changing every 24 hours.	4	4	4	4
<b>FRICION-SHEAR</b> <b>Friction</b> Occurs when Skin moves against support surfaces <b>Shear</b> Occurs when skin and adjacent bony surface slide across one another	<b>1. Significant problem:</b> Spasticity, contracture, itching, or agitation leads to almost constant thrashing and friction.	<b>2. Problem:</b> Requires moderate to maximum assistance in moving. Complete lifting without sliding against sheets is impossible. Frequently slides down in bed or chair, requiring frequent repositioning with maximum assistance.	<b>3. Potential problem:</b> Moves freely or requires minimum assistance. During a move, skin probably slides to some extent against sheets, chair, restraints, or other devices. Maintains relative good position in chair or bed most of the time but occasionally slides down.	<b>4. No apparent problem:</b> Able to completely lift patient during position change, moves in bed and in chair independently and has sufficient muscle strength to life up completely during move. Maintains good position in bed or chair at all times."	4	4	4	4
Nutritional Usual food intake pattern	<b>1. Very Poor:</b> NPO/or maintained on clear liquids, or IVs for more than 5 days OR albumin < 2.5 mg/dl OR never eats a complete meal. Rarely eats more than half of any food offered. Protein intake includes only 2 servings or meat or dairy products per day. Takes fluids poorly. Does not take a liquid dietary supplement.	<b>2. Inadequate:</b> Is on liquid diet or tube feedings/TPN, which provides inadequate calories and minerals for age OR albumin < 3 mg/dl OR rarely eats a complete meal and generally eats only about half of any food offered. Protein intake includes only 3 servings of meat or dairy products per day. Occasionally will take a dietary supplement.	<b>3. Adequate:</b> Is on tube feedings or TPN, which provide adequate calories and minerals for age OR eats over half of most meals. Eats a total of 4 servings of protein (meat, dairy products) each day. Occasionally will refuse a meal, but will usually take a supplement if offered.	<b>4. Excellent:</b> Is on a normal diet providing adequate calories for age. For example, eats most of every meal. Never refuses a meal. Usually eats a total of 4 or more servings of mean and dairy products. Occasionally eats between meals. Does not require supplementation.	4	4	4	4
Tissue Perfusion & Oxygenation	<b>1. Extremely compromised:</b> Hypotensive (MAP < 50 mm Hg; < 40 in a newborn) or the patient does not physiologically tolerate position changes.	<b>2. Compromised:</b> Normotensive oxygen saturation may be < 95%; hemoglobin may be < 10 mg/dl; capillary refill may be > 2 seconds; serum pH is < 7.40.	<b>3. Adequate:</b> Normotensive oxygen saturation may be < 95%; hemoglobin may be < 10 mg/dl; capillary refill may be 2 seconds; serum pH is normal.	<b>4. Excellent:</b> Normotensive, oxygen saturation > 95%; normal hgb; capillary refill < 2 seconds.	4	4	4	4
<b>TOTAL SCORE</b>					28	28	28	27
<b>Evaluator's Name</b>					A	SS	SC	SC

Severe Risk : less than 9 | High Risk : 10-12 | Moderate Risk : 13-14 | Mild Risk : 15-18 | Not at Risk: 19-23

Risk Score	Category	Action	<b>Support Surfaces</b> (Please Note: Only required for children who are deemed at risk due to altered mobility, consider occupation therapy referral for advice)
15-18	At Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Regular Turning Schedule</li> <li>• Enable as much activity as possible</li> <li>• Protect the heels</li> <li>• Use pressure redistribution surfaces</li> <li>• Manage moisture, friction and shear</li> <li>• Advance to a higher level of risk if other major risk factors are present</li> </ul>	High density foam mattress Gel pads for high-risk areas Alternating pressure mattress overlay
13-14	Moderate Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use the Same Protocol as for “<b>At Risk</b>” Patients</li> <li>• Position patient at 30 degree lateral incline using foam wedges</li> </ul>	High density foam mattress Gel pads for high-risk areas Alternating pressure mattress overlay
10-12	High Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the same protocol as for “<b>Moderate Risk</b>” Patients</li> <li>• In addition to regular turning schedule</li> <li>• Make small shifts in their position frequently</li> </ul>	High density foam mattress Gel pads for high-risk areas Alternating pressure mattress overlay
Less than 9	Severe Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use same protocol as for “<b>High Risk</b>” Patients</li> <li>• Add a pressure redistribution surface for patients with severe pain or with additional risk factors.</li> </ul>	High density foam mattress Gel pads for high-risk areas Alternating pressure mattress overlay



# BRADEN 'Q' SCALE

					Date :	Time :			
Mobility	<b>1. Completely immobile:</b> Does not make even slight changes in body or extremity position without assistance.	<b>2. Very limited:</b> Makes occasional slight changes in body or extremity position but unable to completely turn self independently.	<b>3. Slightly limited:</b> Makes frequent through slight changes in body or extremity position independently.	<b>4. No limitations:</b> Makes major and frequent changes in position without assistance.	17/6/26	Ni			
"Activity The degree of physical activity"	<b>1. Bedfast :</b> Confined to bed	<b>2. Chairfast :</b> Ability to walk severely limited or non-existent. Cannot bear own weight and/or must be assisted into chair or wheelchair."	<b>3. Walks occasionally:</b> Walks occasionally during day, but for very short distances, with or without assistance. Spends majority of each shift in bed or chair.	<b>4. All patients too young to ambulate; OR walks frequently:</b> Walks outside the room at least twice a day and inside room at least once every 2 hours during walking hours.			4		
Sensory Perception	<b>1. Completely limited:</b> Unresponsive (does not moan, flinch or grasp) to painful stimuli due to diminished level of consciousness or sedation, OR, limited ability to feel pain over most of the body surface.	<b>2. Very limited:</b> responds to only painful stimuli, cannot communicate discomfort except by moaning or restlessness; OR, has sensory impairment that limits the ability to feel pain or discomfort over half of body.	<b>3. Slightly limited:</b> Responds to verbal commands, but cannot always communicate discomfort or need to be turned; OR, has some sensory impairment that limits ability to feel pain, or discomfort in one or two extremities.	<b>4. No impairment:</b> Responds to verbal commands. Has no sensory deficit that would limit ability to feel or communicate pain or discomfort.			4		
Moisture Degree to which skin is exposed to moisture	<b>1. Constantly moist:</b> Skin is kept moist almost constantly by perspiration, urine, drainage, etc. Dampness is detected every time patient is moved or turned.	<b>2. Very moist:</b> Skin is often, but not always, moist. Linen must be changed at least every 8 hours.	<b>3. Occasionally moist:</b> Skin is occasionally moist, requiring linen change every 12 hours.	<b>4. Rarely moist:</b> Skin is usually dry, routine diaper changes; linen only requires changing every 24 hours.			4		
<b>FRICION-SHEAR</b> <b>Friction</b> Occurs when Skin moves against support surfaces <b>Shear</b> Occurs when skin and adjacent bony surface slide across one another	<b>1. Significant problem:</b> Spasticity, contracture, itching, or agitation leads to almost constant thrashing and friction.	<b>2. Problem:</b> Requires moderate to maximum assistance in moving. Complete lifting without sliding against sheets is impossible. Frequently slides down in bed or chair, requiring frequent repositioning with maximum assistance.	<b>3. Potential problem:</b> Moves freely or requires minimum assistance. During a move, skin probably slides to some extent against sheets, chair, restraints, or other devices. Maintains relative good position in chair or bed most of the time but occasionally slides down.	<b>4. No apparent problem:</b> Able to completely lift patient during position change, moves in bed and in chair independently and has sufficient muscle strength to life up completely during move. Maintains good position in bed or chair at all times."			4		
Nutritional Usual food intake pattern	<b>1. Very Poor:</b> NPO/or maintained on clear liquids, or IVs for more than 5 days OR albumin < 2.5 mg/dl OR never eats a complete meal. Rarely eats more than half of any food offered. Protein intake includes only 2 servings or meat or dairy products per day. Takes fluids poorly. Does not take a liquid dietary supplement.	<b>2. Inadequate:</b> Is on liquid diet or tube feedings/TPN, which provides inadequate calories and minerals for age OR albumin < 3 mg/dl OR rarely eats a complete meal and generally eats only about half of any food offered. Protein intake includes only 3 servings of meat or dairy products per day. Occasionally will take a dietary supplement.	<b>3. Adequate:</b> Is on tube feedings or TPN, which provide adequate calories and minerals for age OR eats over half of most meals. Eats a total of 4 servings of protein (meat, dairy products) each day. Occasionally will refuse a meal, but will usually take a supplement if offered.	<b>4. Excellent:</b> Is on a normal diet providing adequate calories for age. For example, eats most of every meal. Never refuses a meal. Usually eats a total of 4 or more servings of mean and dairy products. Occasionally eats between meals. Does not require supplementation.			4		
Tissue Perfusion & Oxygenation	<b>1. Extremely compromised:</b> Hypotensive (MAP < 50 mm Hg; < 40 in a newborn) or the patient does not physiologically tolerate position changes.	<b>2. Compromised:</b> Normotensive oxygen saturation may be < 95%; hemoglobin may be < 10 mg/dl; capillary refill may be > 2 seconds; serum pH is < 7.40.	<b>3. Adequate:</b> Normotensive oxygen saturation may be < 95%; hemoglobin may be < 10 mg/dl; capillary refill may be 2 seconds; serum pH is normal.	<b>4. Excellent:</b> Normotensive, oxygen saturation > 95%; normal hgb; capillary refill < 2 seconds.			4		
					<b>TOTAL SCORE</b>		28		
					<b>Evaluator's Name</b>		AS		

Severe Risk : less than 9 | High Risk : 10-12 | Moderate Risk : 13-14 | Mild Risk : 15-18 | Not at Risk: 19-23

Risk Score	Category	Action	<b>Support Surfaces</b> (Please Note: Only required for children who are deemed at risk due to altered mobility, consider occupation therapy referral for advice)
15-18	At Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Regular Turning Schedule</li> <li>• Enable as much activity as possible</li> <li>• Protect the heels</li> <li>• Use pressure redistribution surfaces</li> <li>• Manage moisture, friction and shear</li> <li>• Advance to a higher level of risk if other major risk factors are present</li> </ul>	High density foam mattress Gel pads for high-risk areas Alternating pressure mattress overlay
13-14	Moderate Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use the Same Protocol as for "At Risk" Patients</li> <li>• Position patient at 30 degree lateral incline using foam wedges</li> </ul>	High density foam mattress Gel pads for high-risk areas Alternating pressure mattress overlay
10-12	High Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the same protocol as for "Moderate Risk" Patients</li> <li>• In addition to regular turning schedule</li> <li>• Make small shifts in their position frequently</li> </ul>	High density foam mattress Gel pads for high-risk areas Alternating pressure mattress overlay
Less than 9	Severe Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use same protocol as for "High Risk" Patients</li> <li>• Add a pressure redistribution surface for patients with severe pain or with additional risk factors.</li> </ul>	High density foam mattress Gel pads for high-risk areas Alternating pressure mattress overlay

Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV  
15-03-2025 1Y3M11D (M)

Patient Sticker

Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR



# PAIN ASSESSMENT FORM

Date	Time	Pain Score (0/10)	Location	Duration	Acuity	Character	Modifying Factors	Patient / Family Educated	Intervention	Sign
16/6/25	6pm	0/10	NA	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Acute <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic	<input type="checkbox"/> Sharp <input type="checkbox"/> Dull <input type="checkbox"/> Aching <input type="checkbox"/> Burning	<input type="checkbox"/> Increasing <input type="checkbox"/> Decreasing	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	NA	NA
16/6/25	10pm	0/10	NA	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Acute <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic	<input type="checkbox"/> Sharp <input type="checkbox"/> Dull <input type="checkbox"/> Aching <input type="checkbox"/> Burning	<input type="checkbox"/> Increasing <input type="checkbox"/> Decreasing	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	NA	SS
17/6/25	6Am	0/10	NA	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acute <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sharp <input type="checkbox"/> Dull <input type="checkbox"/> Aching <input type="checkbox"/> Burning	<input type="checkbox"/> Increasing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Decreasing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	NA	NA
18/6/25	12pm	0/10	NA	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Acute <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic	<input type="checkbox"/> Sharp <input type="checkbox"/> Dull <input type="checkbox"/> Aching <input type="checkbox"/> Burning	<input type="checkbox"/> Increasing <input type="checkbox"/> Decreasing	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	NA	NA
17/6/25	up	0/10	NA	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Acute <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sharp <input type="checkbox"/> Dull <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Aching <input type="checkbox"/> Burning	<input type="checkbox"/> Increasing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Decreasing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	NA	NA
17/6/25	10pm	0/10	NA	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Acute <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic	<input type="checkbox"/> Sharp <input type="checkbox"/> Dull <input type="checkbox"/> Aching <input type="checkbox"/> Burning	<input type="checkbox"/> Increasing <input type="checkbox"/> Decreasing	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	NA	NA
18/6/25	6Am	0/10	NA	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acute <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic	<input type="checkbox"/> Sharp <input type="checkbox"/> Dull <input type="checkbox"/> Aching <input type="checkbox"/> Burning	<input type="checkbox"/> Increasing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Decreasing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	NA	NA
				<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Acute <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic	<input type="checkbox"/> Sharp <input type="checkbox"/> Dull <input type="checkbox"/> Aching <input type="checkbox"/> Burning	<input type="checkbox"/> Increasing <input type="checkbox"/> Decreasing	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		
				<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Acute <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic	<input type="checkbox"/> Sharp <input type="checkbox"/> Dull <input type="checkbox"/> Aching <input type="checkbox"/> Burning	<input type="checkbox"/> Increasing <input type="checkbox"/> Decreasing	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		
				<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Acute <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic	<input type="checkbox"/> Sharp <input type="checkbox"/> Dull <input type="checkbox"/> Aching <input type="checkbox"/> Burning	<input type="checkbox"/> Increasing <input type="checkbox"/> Decreasing	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		

**Re-assessment Frequency:**

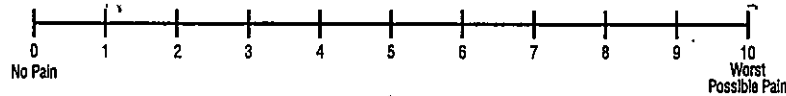
1. Every eight hours for all hospitalized patients.
2. For post-surgical patients, patients with chronic pain, patient with severe pain:
  - a) At least every 2 hours for the first 24 hours
  - b) Then every 4 hours.
  - c) Prior to pain pain-relieving intervention.
  - d) Within 30 – 60 minutes after pain relief intervention.

# PAIN ASSESSMENT TOOLS

## FLACC PAIN ASSESSMENT SCALE (1 Month to 7 Years)

CATEGORY	SCORING		
	0	1	2
Face	No Particular expression or smile	Occasional Grimace or Frown, withdraw, Disoriented	Frequent to constant frown, quivering chin, clenched jaw
Legs	Normal Position or Relaxed	Uneasy, restless, tense	Kicking, or legs drawn up
Activity	Laying quietly normal position, moves easily	Squirming shifting back and forth, tense	Arched, rigid, or Jerking
Cry	No Cry (Awake or asleep)	Moans or whimpers occasional complaint	Crying steadily, screams of sobs, frequent complaints
Consolability	Content, relaxed	Reassured by occasional touching, hugging, or being talked to, distractible	Difficult to console or comfort

## Numerical Pain Scale (Obstetric and Gynecology)



## Neonatal Pain, Agitation and Sedation Scale (upto 1 Month)

Assessment Criteria	Sedation		Normal	Pain / Agitation	
	-2	-1	0	1	2
<b>Crying Irritability</b>	No Cry with painful stimuli	Moans or cries minimally with painful stimuli	Appropriate crying Not irritable	Irritable or crying at intervals consolable	High-pitched or silent-continuous cry Inconsolable
<b>Behavior State</b>	No arousal to any stimuli No spontaneous movement	Arouses minimally to stimuli Little spontaneous movement	Appropriate for gestational age	Restless, squirming Awakens frequently	Arching, kicking constantly awake or Arouses minimally / no movement (not sedated)
<b>Facial Expression</b>	Mouth is lax No expression	Minimal expression with stimuli	Relaxed Appropriate	Any pain expression intermittent	Any pain expression continual
<b>Extremities Tone</b>	No grasp reflex Flaccid tone	Weak grasp reflex decreased muscle tone	Relaxed hands and feet Normal Tone	Intermittent clenched toes, fists or finger splay Body is not tense	Continual clenched toes, fists, or finger splay Body is tense
<b>Vital Signs HR, RR, BP, SaO<sub>2</sub></b>	No variability with stimuli Hypoventilation or apnea	Less than 10% variability from baseline with stimuli	Within baseline or normal for gestational age	Increase 10-20% from baseline SaO <sub>2</sub> 76-85% with stimulation - quick recovery	Increase greater than 20% from baseline, SaO <sub>2</sub> less than or equal to 75% with stimulation - slow recovery Out of sync or fighting ventilator

## Wong - Baker (Pediatrics) Above 7 Years



Master **BODDU ANANTH YADAV**  
 15-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D (M)  
 Dr. **ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR**



Patient



## CHECKLIST FOR THROMBOPHLEBITIS

16/6/26 12/6/26

S. No.	SITE OBSERVATION	STAGE / ACTION	SCORE	DAY-1			DAY-2			DAY-3			Remarks
				M	E	N	M	E	N	M	E	N	
1	IV site appears healthy	No signs of phlebitis / Observe cannula	0		0	0	0	0	0	0			
2	One of the following signs is evident : * Slight pain near the IV Site / * Slight redness near IV Site	Possibly first signs of phlebitis / Observe cannula	1		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
3	Two of the following Signs are evident: Pain at IV site Redness	Early stage of phlebitis / Resite Cannula	2		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
4	All of the following Signs are evident : Pain along Path of cannula Redness around Site Swelling	Medium stage of phlebitis / Resite Cannula Consider Treatment	3		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
5	All of the following Signs are evident and Extensive : Pain along Path of cannula Redness around Site Swelling palpable Venous cord	Advanced stage of phlebitis or the start of thrombophlebitis / Re site Cannula Consider Treatment	4		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
6	All of the following Signs are evident and Extensive : Pain along Path of cannula Redness around Site Swelling palpable Venous cord pyrexia	Advanced stage of thrombophlebitis / Initiate treatment Re site Cannula	5		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Signature of the Nurse					[Signature]			[Signature]					

**NOTE :** Phlebitis greater than grade 2 should be reported to physicians and other appropriate health care personal ongoing observation of the site should continue for 48 hours post removal to detect post infusion phlebitis.

Signature of Shift In Charge :

Signature of Ward In Charge :

Signature : ..... Name : .....

Signature : ..... Name : .....

Patient Sticker



## CHECKLIST FOR THROMBOPHLEBITIS

S. No.	SITE OBSERVATION	STAGE / ACTION	SCORE	DAY-1			DAY-2			DAY-3			Remarks
				M	E	N	M	E	N	M	E	N	
1	IV site appears healthy	No signs of phlebitis / Observe cannula	0										
2	One of the following signs is evident : * Slight pain near the IV Site / * Slight redness near IV Site	Possibly first signs of phlebitis / Observe cannula	1										
3	Two of the following Signs are evident: Pain at IV site Redness	Early stage of phlebitis / Re-site Cannula	2										
4	All of the following Signs are evident : Pain along Path of cannula Redness around Site Swelling	Medium stage of phlebitis / Re-site Cannula Consider Treatment	3										
5	All of the following Signs are evident and Extensive : Pain along Path of cannula Redness around Site Swelling palpable Venous cord	Advanced stage of phlebitis or the start of thrombophlebitis / Re site Cannula Consider Treatment	4										
6	All of the following Signs are evident and Extensive : Pain along Path of cannula Redness around Site Swelling palpable Venous cord pyrexia	Advanced stage of thrombophlebitis / Initiate treatment Re site Cannula	5										
Signature of the Nurse													

**NOTE :** Phlebitis greater than grade 2 should be reported to physicians and other appropriate health care personal ongoing observation of the site should continue for 48 hours post removal to detect post infusion phlebitis.

Signature of Shift In Charge :

Signature of Ward In Charge :

Signature : ..... Name : .....

Signature : ..... Name : .....

## Morse Fall Risk Assessment Form

Choose Highest Applicable Score from each Category		Date / Time	16/6/26	18/6/26	19/6/26	Fall Risk Grading		
		Score	6pm	12pm	2pm	Risk Level	Morse Fall Score (MFS)	Action
History of Falling (immediately or w/in 3 months)	Yes	25				Low Risk	0 - 24	Standard Fall Precaution
	No	0						
Secondary Diagnosis (more than one diagnosis)	Yes	15				Moderate Risk	25 - 50	Implement Moderate Fall Prevention Intervention
	No	0						
Ambulatory Aid	Furniture	30				High Risk	≥ 51	Implement High Risk Fall Prevention Intervention
	Crutches, Cane(S), Walker	15						
	None /Bed Rest /Nurse Assist	0	0	0	0			
IV / Heparin Lock or Saline	Yes	20	20	20	20	Moderate Risk	25 - 50	Implement Moderate Fall Prevention Intervention
	No	0						
GAIT / Transferring	Impaired	20				High Risk	≥ 51	Implement High Risk Fall Prevention Intervention
	Weak (uses touch for balance)	10						
	Normal /On Bed Rest /Immobile	0						
Mental Status	Forgets limitations	15				High Risk	≥ 51	Implement High Risk Fall Prevention Intervention
	Oriented to own ability	0						
Total Morse Fall Scale Score:			35	35	29			
Signature			<i>Asif</i>					

Tick (✓) whichever precaution taken.

### Risk Level and Interventions

#### Low Risk (0 - 24) (Standard Falls Precautions)

- Ensure patients use their prescribed eye glasses if any, in the hospital
- Use chairs with arm rests
- Use safety straps on stretchers and wheelchairs while transporting patients

#### Moderate Risk (25-50) Apply all low risk intervention and

- Assist and/or supervise ambulation. Reinforce to always call for assistance
- Hourly safety check
- Assess patient after visitors, leave to ensure safety measures in place

#### High Risk (≥ 51) Apply all low and moderate risk interventions, and.

- Initiate constant observation by healthcare provider as appropriate to patient's needs



wt - 9.62 kg



# EMERGENCY ROOM TRIAGE FORM

Patient's Name : Master Boddu Ananth yadav Age : Year Gender:  Male  Female

Date : 16/6/26 Time of Arrival : 2 PM

Allergies:  No  Yes  Food  Medications  Blood Transfusion  Other (Specify):  Not known

Source of Information :  Parents  Others (Specify)

Mode of Arrival :  Ambulatory  Wheelchair  Ambulance

Initial Vital Signs: Temp: 99.5 F PR: 156b/m BP: RR: 46b/m SpO<sub>2</sub>: 99%

Chief Complaints: c/c cold, cough and fast Breathing since yesterday

<b>INITIAL PHYSIOLOGICAL CATEGORIZATION</b>		<b>INITIAL PHYSIOLOGICAL STATUS</b>	
Appearance	Work of Breathing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stable	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Normal	<input type="checkbox"/> Normal	<input type="checkbox"/> Unstable :	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sick Looking	<input type="checkbox"/> Increased	<input type="checkbox"/> Not - Life - Threatening	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Normal	<input type="checkbox"/> Decreased	<input type="checkbox"/> Life -Threatening	
<input type="checkbox"/> Abnormal	<input type="checkbox"/> Gasping / Apnea		
<input type="checkbox"/> Bleeding			

Triage Classification	CTAS
<input type="checkbox"/> Level 1 : Resuscitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Immediate
<input type="checkbox"/> Level 2 : EMERGENT : Life or limb threatening	<input type="checkbox"/> < 15 min
<input type="checkbox"/> Level 3 : URGENT : Significant illness / injury with potential to become life or limb threatening	<input type="checkbox"/> 30 min
<input type="checkbox"/> Level 4 : LESS URGENT : Significant illness but not life threatening	<input type="checkbox"/> 60 min
<input type="checkbox"/> Level 5 : NON - URGENT : May receive care when convenient	<input type="checkbox"/> 120 min

**NOTE :** All immunocompromised children and preterm babies to be considered Level 2.  
All Children less than 2 years age with high fever to be considered Level 3.

\* CTAS - Canadian Triage and Acuity Scale

Signature of Parent / Guardian

Triage Completion Time : 2:05 PM

## Communicable Disease Triage Screening

**PART A. The following questions should be asked to all patients at the initial screening:**

1. Have you had fever (elevated temperature) in the past 2 weeks  Yes  No
2. Have you had cough or a rash in the past 2 weeks  Yes  No
3. Have you had shortness of breath or difficulty breathing in the past 2 weeks  Yes  No

**PART B. For patients reporting fever and respiratory/rash symptoms:**  Not applicable

1. Have you travelled outside the INDIA? or had close contact with someone who has recently travelled outside the INDIA, in the past two weeks?  Yes  No  
If yes, State Location: .....
2. Are your parents / close contacts at home is/a healthcare worker? {please encircle the choices} (e.g., nurse, physician, ancillary services personnel, allied health services personnel, hospital volunteer, or laboratory worker, others) who has had a recent exposure to an individual with a highly communicable disease or unexplained, severe febrile respiratory or rash disease?  Yes  No

**PART C. A positive communicable disease triage screening is considered for any patient who meets one of the two following criteria:**

- Any patient with Fever / Rash / Vesicles / Discharge from Eyes and Cough
- Any patient with fever and respiratory symptoms who answered "YES" to any of the questions on epidemiologic risk factors in "PART B" of the triage screening above.

**PART D. ACTION / INTERVENTION:** (for positive suspected communicable disease triage screening)

- Patients should be immediately isolated in a negative pressure room or a single room (as appropriate) for pending evaluation.
- The patient should be given a surgical mask immediately, if not already wearing one.
- Both patient and triage staff should perform hand hygiene.
- The staff should use PPE (as appropriate).

Name of Triage Nurse : Brabin

Signature of Triage Nurse : [Signature]

Date & Time : 16/6/26 @ 2:05 PM

HNH-00014014 IP26-0006598  
Master BODDU ANANTH YADAV  
05-03-2025 1 Y 3 M 11 D (M)  
Dr. ANIKET ANIL PARASHAR



# NURSING INITIAL ASSESSMENT IN EMERGENCY ROOM

Date: 16/6/26 Time of arrival: 2 PM

Chief Complaints: c/o cold, cough fast Breathing since yesterday

Height: Weight: BMI: Head Circumference (<2 years)

Allergies:  Yes  No  Medications  Blood Transfusion  Food  Other:  
If yes, identify

Pain Screening:  Yes  No If Yes, Pain Score: 0/1 Pain Tool Used:  N Pass  FLACC  Wong Baker  
 Character  Location  Frequency  Duration

### RISK FOR FALL:

- If patient is < 6 years tick below fall risk intervention directly
- If Patient is > 6 years Assess the below parameters
- History of Falling: within past 3 months  Yes  No
- Ambulatory Aids:**
  - Wheelchair  Yes  No
  - Uses furniture for support  Yes  No
- Gait/Transferring:**
  - Bedrest / immobile  Yes  No
  - Weak  Yes  No
  - Impaired  Yes  No
- Mental Status:** Forgets limitations  Yes  No

### IF YES FOR ANY CATEGORY = RISK FOR FALLING

- Fall Risk Intervention:**
- Escort while ambulating.
  - Assist Patient
  - Educate patient and family on fall precautions/prevention

### Functional Screening: No Abnormalities Detected

- Mobility Problem
- Walking Problem
- Developmental Delay
- Musculoskeletal Congenital Abnormality

### Inform consultant for positive criteria

### Nutritional Screening: No Abnormalities Detected

- Underweight
- Overweight
- Feeding Problem
- Special diet
- Special feeding method

### Inform consultant for positive criteria

Psychological Screening:  No Significant Findings

Unusual concerns about patient's Psychological Status:  Yes  No

If Yes Consultant Notified: (Date/Time):

Social History: Lives With Family

Siblings in household  Yes  No (if yes How Many?)

Time of Initial assessment completed by ER Nurse: 2:05 PM



Patient Sticker

143M

220

# NUTRITIONAL HEALTH ASSESSMENT - BOYS

Date: 16/6/26 Time: 5pm

Weight: 9.62kg Centile: 5<sup>th</sup>

Height: Centile:

Inference: underweight child

RDA: Calories: 1200kcal/d Protein: 2.0gms/d

Diet Recommendations: soft high protein diet

Re-Assessment: Avoid spicy, chilled & outside foods

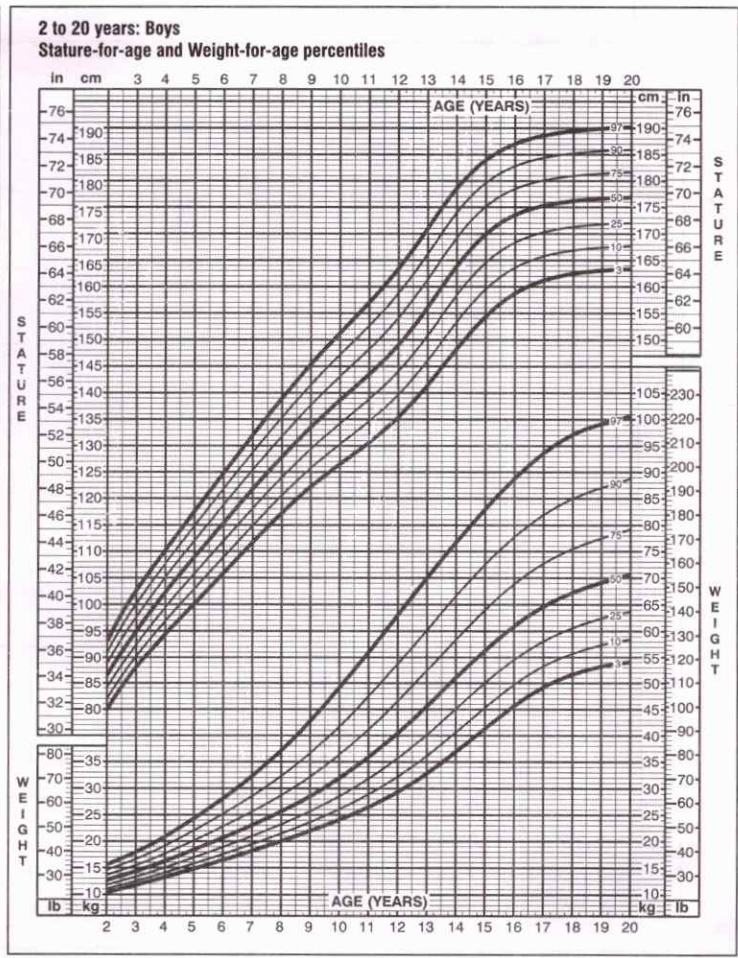
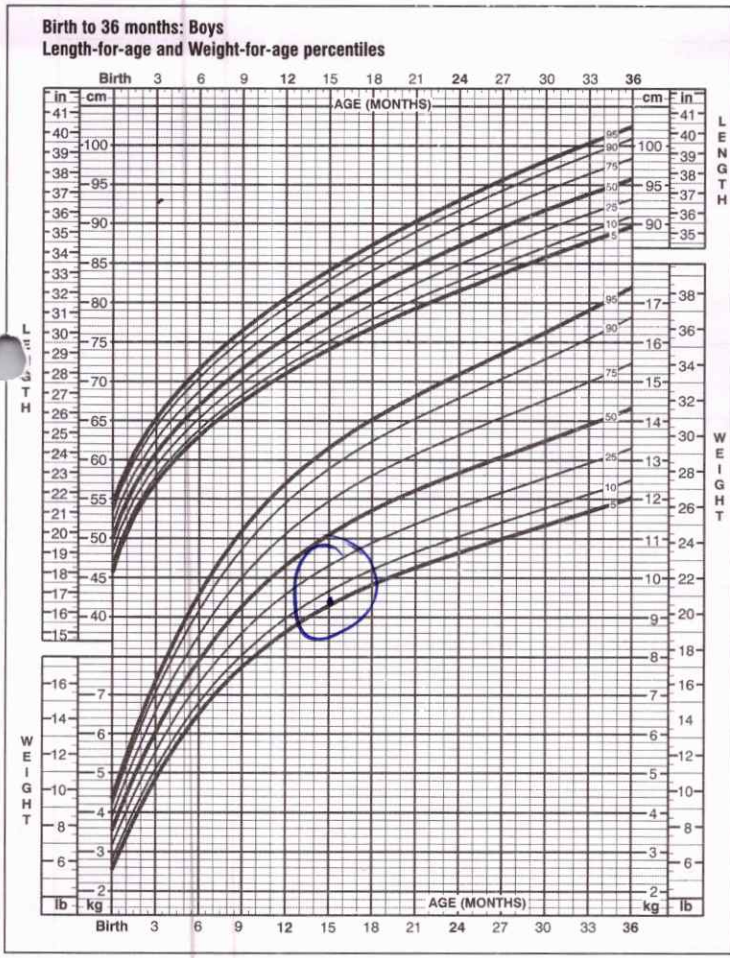
Food Allergies: NO Veg/Non-veg: NON-veg

Diagnosis: ARIE LRTI = Dehydration CRP = ? WARI

Nutritional Intervention -  Oral  Enteral  Parenteral

Patient's Signature:

## GROWTH CHART (BOYS)



Dietician's Name: Sathwika G

Dietician's Signature: [Signature]

